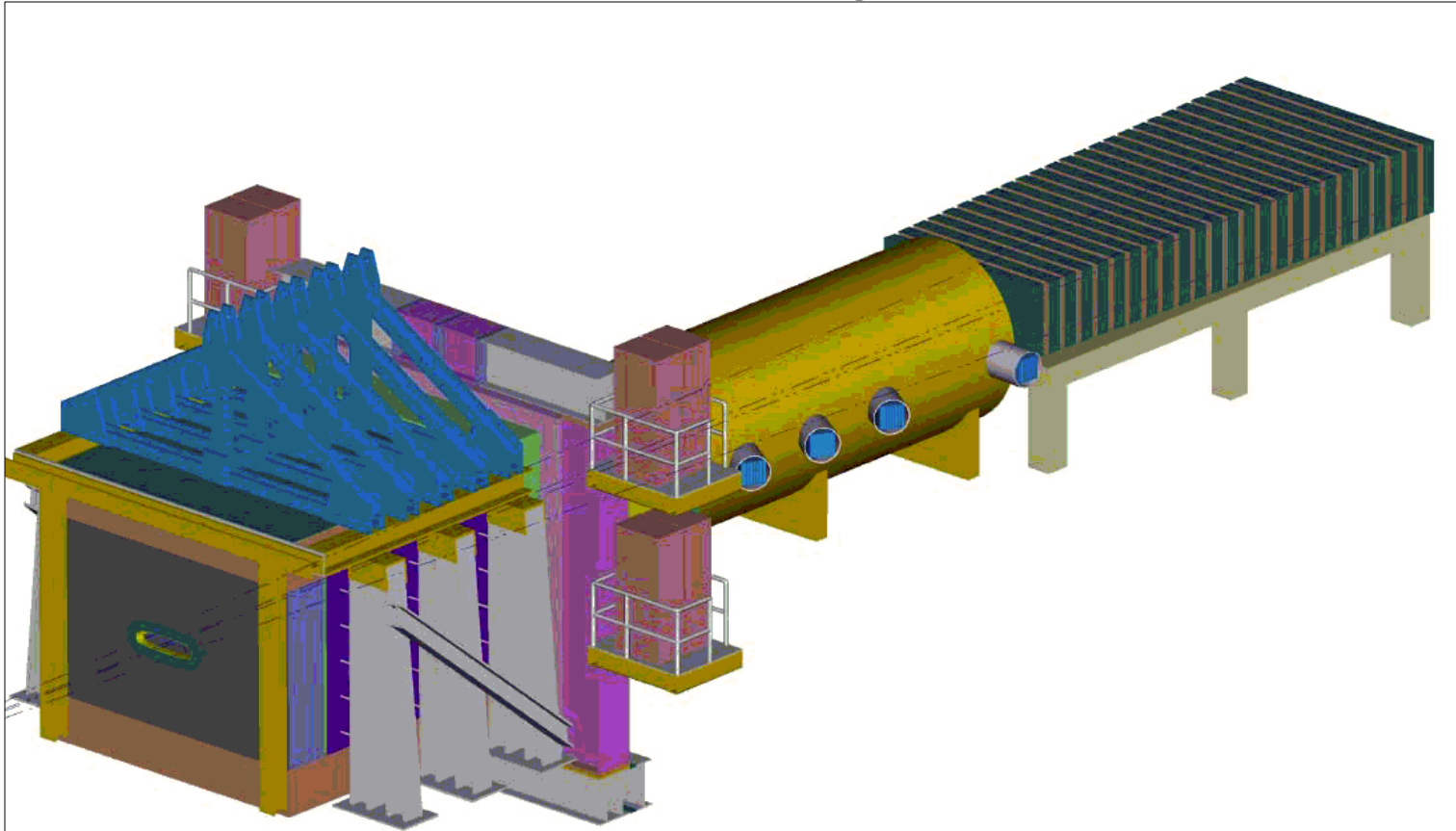


Beyond KOPIO

L. Littenberg



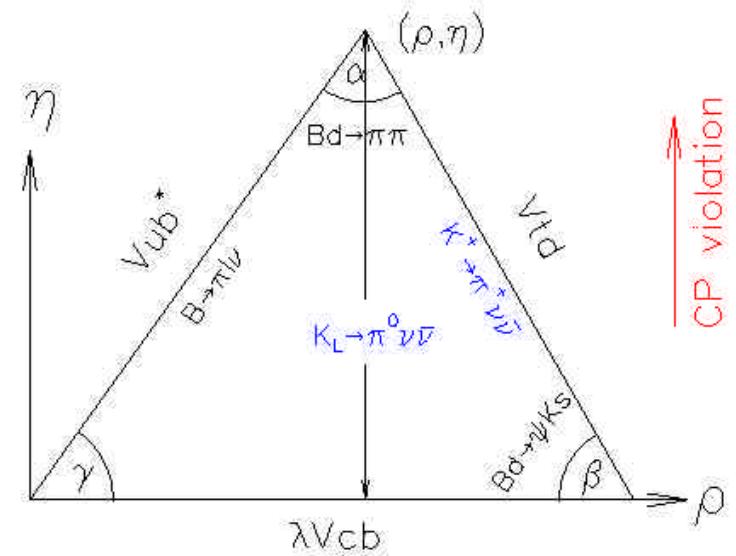
What is KOPIO ? 1

- One of two **R**are **S**ymmetry **V**iolating **P**rocesses (**RSVP** experiments)
- To be run at the AGS in RHIC's "shadow"
- Funded by the NSF (MREFC project + operating)
- To start construction in 2006(5?)
- Will take 4-5 to construct
- To run for ≥ 5 years
- *I.e. a 10 year project*

What is KOPIO? 2

Experiment to measure $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$

One of 4 ultra-clean processes to challenge the Standard Model explanation of CP-violation (the others are $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$, $B_d \rightarrow J/\psi K_S$, & x_s / x_d)



$$B(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}) \propto (\text{Area of all unitarity triangles})^2$$

Goal: 50 $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$ events with 2:1 signal to bckgnd
(gives 10% measurement of Jarlskog invariant)

Challenge of KOPIO

- 1 in 30,000,000,000 decay
- 2 of 3 final state particles unmeasurable
- 3rd particle neutral & common
- Beam contains 3×10^{10} neutrons/pulse

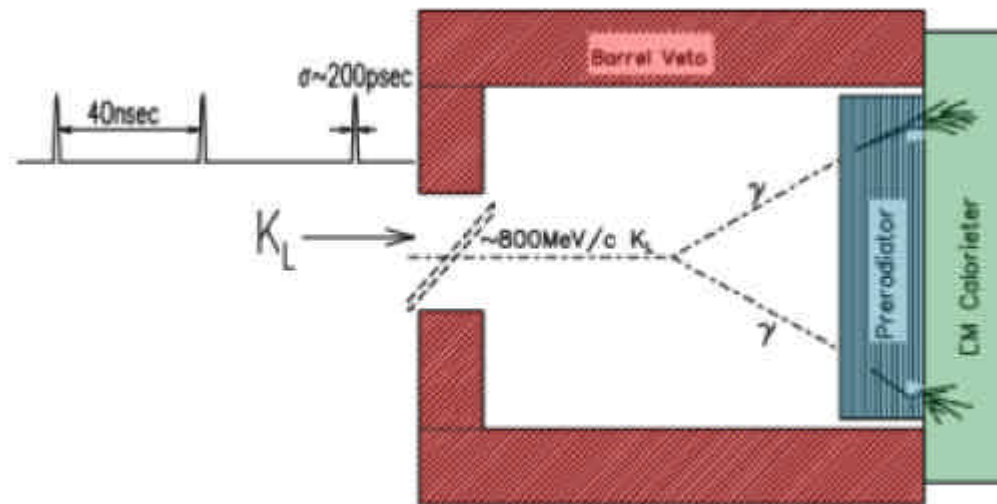
Challenge taken up by

Arizona St, BNL, Cincinnati, IHEP-Protvino, INR-Moscow,
INFN-Perugia, KEK, Kyoto U. of Education, Kyoto, Virginia
Tech, New Mexico, Montreal, TJNAF, SBU, TRIUMF, UBC,
Virginia, Zurich, Yale

But experiment a tall order, and more help very welcome!

How?

- Largest possible proton flux from the AGS
 - Was 70 TP, we will upgrade to get 100 TP
- Neutral beam with 10^{-4} halo
- Veto hermetically, including in beam
- Measure all possible kinematic quantities
 - K_L direction, energy, and decay vertex point
 - γ directions, energies, positions, and times

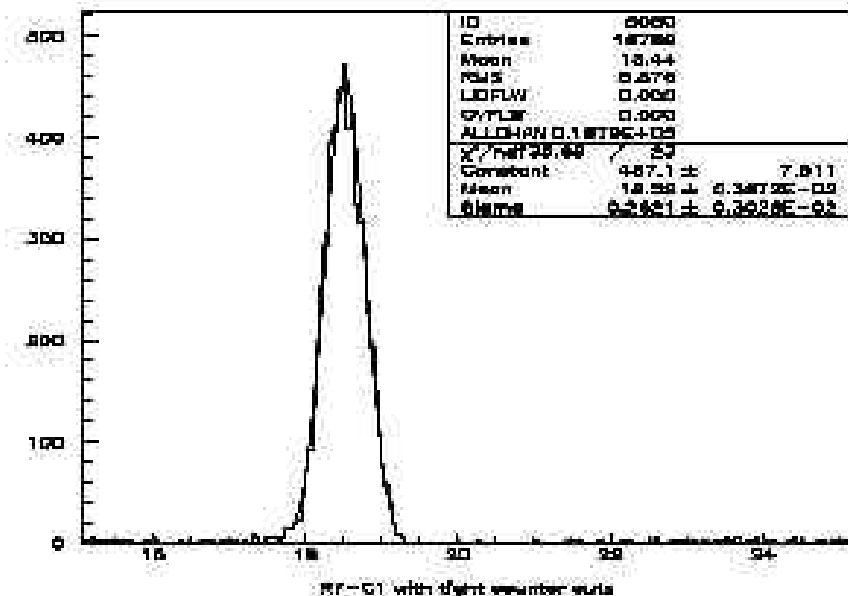


Beam Microbunching

KOPIO will use 25MHz and
A 100 MHz cavities to get 250ps
bunches at 25 MHz.

One could also use latter cavity
only to make still narrower
bunches at 100 MHz.

Consequently – could get energy
of any neutral particle:
 K_L , K_S , Λ , n , \bar{n} , ...



measured microbunch $\sigma = 262 \pm 3$ ps

Beyond KOPIO

- AGS at 100 TP
- Beam μ -bunching at 25 or 100 MHz (measure energy of neutral hadrons)
- Ultra-clean neutral beam
- Low energy photon directions (without impacting energy measurement)
- Shashlik E&M calorimeters with $\sigma_E/E \sim 3\%/\sqrt{E}$
- Hadron-blind electromagnetic vetoing
- Receptive funding agency!